

# Advanced macroeconomics 2021-2022

## Problem set 2: Ramsey and DGE models

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### 1 Ramsey: general

- 1 Discuss the effects of assuming decreasing marginal returns to capital and intertemporal substitution in consumption on the dynamics of the Ramsey model.
- 2\* Discuss the effects of assuming anticipated permanent productivity shocks on the optimal path of the economy, according to the Ramsey model<sup>1</sup>.
- 3\* Discuss the effects of effects of non-anticipated temporary productivity shocks on the optimal path of the economy, according to the Ramsey model

### 2 Ramsey

- 1 Consider a Ramsey model in which there is depreciation of capital, and the production function is Cobb-Douglas  $y = f(k) \equiv Ak^\alpha$ , for  $A > 0$  and  $0 < \alpha < 1$ . That is the capital accumulation constraint is  $\dot{k} = Ak^\alpha - c - \delta k$ , where  $\delta > 0$ , where all the variables are in per-capita terms. The instantaneous utility function is  $u(c) = \log(c)$  and the rate of time preference is  $\rho > 0$ .
  - (a) Solve the Ramsey problem by using the PMP.
  - (b) Draw the phase diagram.
  - (c) In this model there is a manifold passing through two steady states, one in which both  $k$  and  $c$  are positive, and another one in which  $c = 0$  and  $f(k) = \delta k$  for  $k > 0$ . Prove that there are admissible trajectories connecting those two points. Explain why those trajectories cannot be optimal.
  - (d) Perform a comparative dynamics exercise for an increase in  $\delta$ . Provide an intuition for your results.

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<sup>1</sup>Questions are marked with asterisks depending on their degree of difficulty.

- 2** Consider a Ramsey model in which unfunded government expenditures can exist. The economy's resource constraint is  $\dot{k} = Ak^\alpha - c - g - \delta k$ , where  $g \geq 0$  is a public transfer,  $\delta > 0$ ,  $A > 0$ , and  $0 < \alpha < 1$ . The instantaneous utility function is isoelastic  $u(c) = \frac{c^{1-\theta} - 1}{1-\theta}$ , for  $\theta > 0$ , and the rate of time preference is  $\rho > 0$ .
- Solve the Ramsey problem by using the PMP.
  - Is it possible to solve explicitly the Ramsey using the DPP ?
  - Perform a comparative dynamics exercise for an increase in  $g$ . Provide one intuition for your results.

### 3 DGE

- 1** Consider a DGE economy in which the utility function is  $u(c) = \log(c)$ , the rate of time preference is  $\rho > 0$ , there is a constant number of households  $N$ , there is no unemployment, and the technology for firms is CES

$$Y = A \left( \alpha K^\eta + (1 - \alpha) L^\eta \right)^{\frac{1}{\eta}}$$

- Define the dynamic general equilibrium and provide the dynamic system allowing for the determination of the DGE.
  - Build the phase diagram.
  - Study the effects of a non-anticipated, permanent and constant shock in  $A$ . Provide an intuition for your results.
- 2** Consider a DGE economy in which the utility function is  $u(c) = \log(c)$  and the production function is Cobb-Douglas in which the government raises an income tax and has a budget balanced fiscal policy. Denoting per capita government expenditure by  $g$  and the tax rate is denoted by  $\tau$  and both are constant through time. The budget balance rule is  $g = \tau (r(t)a(t) + w(t))$ . Assume that households supply labor inelastically and they have the budget constraint  $\dot{a} = (1 - \tau) (r(t)a(t) + w(t)) - c(t) + g(t)$ .
- Define the dynamic general equilibrium and provide the dynamic system allowing for the determination of the DGE.
  - Build the phase diagram.
  - Study the effects of a non-anticipated, permanent and constant increase in  $g$ . Provide one intuition for your results.

## 4 Endogenous labor

1 Consider the following Ramsey model with endogenous labor supply

$$\begin{aligned} & \max_{c(\cdot), \ell(\cdot)} \int_0^{\infty} (\ln(c(t)) - \psi \ell) e^{-\rho t} dt \\ & \text{subject to} \\ & \dot{k} = A k^{\alpha} \ell^{1-\alpha} \\ & k(0) = k_0 > 0 \text{ given} \\ & \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} k(t) \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Find the first order conditions for optimality.
- (b) Build the phase diagram.
- (c) Study the effects of a non-anticipated, permanent and constant increase in TFP  $A$ . Provide one intuition for your results.

2\* Consider a Ramsey model with endogenous labour with additively separable preferences and Cobb-Douglas technology. That is

$$u(c, \ell) = \frac{c^{1-\theta} - 1}{1-\theta} - \psi \frac{\ell^{1+\zeta}}{1+\zeta}, \quad \theta > 0, \psi > 0, \zeta > 0$$

in which the rate of time preference is  $\rho > 0$ , the production function is

$$f(k, \ell) = A k^{\alpha} \ell^{1-\alpha}, \text{ for } A > 0, 0 < \alpha < 1,$$

and there is no capital depreciation.

- (a) Write the MHDS
- (b) Build the phase diagram
- (c) Study the effects of a non-anticipated, permanent and constant shocks in  $A$ ,  $\psi$  and  $\rho$ . Provide one intuition for your results.

3\* Consider a Ramsey model with endogenous labour with KPR preferences and Cobb-Douglas technology. That is

$$u(c, \ell) = \frac{(c(1 - \psi \ell^{\eta}))^{1-\theta} - 1}{1-\theta}, \text{ for } \theta > 0, \psi > 0, \eta > 0$$

in which the rate of time preference is  $\rho > 0$ , the production function is

$$f(k, \ell) = A k^{\alpha} \ell^{1-\alpha}, \text{ for } A > 0, 0 < \alpha < 1,$$

and there is no capital depreciation.

- (a) Write the MHDS
- (b) Build the phase diagram
- (c) Study the effects of a non-anticipated, permanent and constant shocks in  $A$ ,  $\psi$  and  $\rho$ . Provide one intuition for your results.

4\* Consider a Ramsey model with endogenous labour with GHH preferences and Cobb-Douglas technology. That is

$$u(c, \ell) = \frac{1}{1 - \theta} \left( \left( c - \psi \frac{\ell^{1+\zeta}}{1 + \zeta} \right)^{1-\theta} - 1 \right), \theta > 0, \psi > 0, \zeta > 0$$

and

$$f(k, \ell) = A k^\alpha \ell^{1-\ell}$$

- (a) Write the MHDS
- (b) Build the phase diagram
- (c) Study the effects of a non-anticipated, permanent and constant shocks in  $A$ ,  $\psi$  and  $\rho$ . Provide one intuition for your results.